#### **ANNEX 5D**

### F3C MANOEUVRE DESCRIPTIONS AND DIAGRAMS

The manoeuvre schedules are listed below with the starting and ending direction (UU = Upwind - Upwind; DD = Downwind - Downwind; DU = Downwind - Upwind; UD = Upwind - Downwind) of each manoeuvre, relative to the wind, as indicated. The competitor has 9 minutes to complete the P schedule and 8 minutes to complete the SF and the F schedule. Schedule P will be flown for the preliminary rounds 1 through 4. Schedule SF/F will be flown for the semi final and final rounds.

#### **SCHEDULE P**

P1. PIE	(UU)
P2. DOUBLE SWALLOW TAIL	(UU)
(FLY BY)	
P3. DOUBLE CANDLE WITH DESCENDING FLIP	(DD)
P4. LOOP WITH 540° TAIL TURNS	(UU)
P5. UX WITH PUSHED FLIPS	(DD)
P6. TWO LOOPS	(UU)
P7. OPPOSITE HALF AND FULL INVERTED ROLL	(DD)
P8. INVERTED UMBRELLA	(UU)
(FLY BY)	
P9. 180° AUTOROTATION	(DU)
SCHEDULE SF/F	
F1. TULIP WITH ½ PIROUETTES	(UU)
F2. LAID EIGHT WITH PIROUETTES	(UU)
(FLY BY)	
F3. CANDLE WITH 360° TAIL TURN AND 180° PUSHED FLIP	(UU)
F4. INVERTED CUBAN EIGHT WITH HALF ROLLS	(DD)
F5. STANDING TRIANGLE	(UU)
F6. THREE OPPOSITE ROLLS	(DD)
F7. INVERTED UMBRELLA WITH HALF ROLLS	(UU)
(FLY BY)	
F8 ALITOROTATION WITH FLIP AND TWO 90° TURNS	(DII)

### 5D.1 General

The manoeuvres are displayed in pictorial form in Figures 5D-P and 5D-SF/F for the case where the wind direction is left to right. The following descriptions apply to all manoeuvres and if not performed properly must result in downgrades. Points will also be subtracted if a manoeuvre is not performed as described. The starting/ending altitude for the hovering manoeuvres is 2m above the helipad. If a manoeuvre is unrecognisable it must be severely downgraded. If pirouettes are performed in the wrong direction, the score shall be zero (0) points. Ascents from, and descents to, the helipad must be vertical. Landings must be smooth and centred on the helipad. During the hovering manoeuvres all stops must be of 2 seconds minimum duration (unless specified otherwise). Circular and linear hovering segments must be performed at a constant speed. Every pirouette must be performed at a constant turning rate. The hovering manoeuvres must be started with the nose of the model aircraft (MA) facing left or right and must be flown as a unit (the starting heading must be same for each hovering manoeuvre). The competitor must stand in the 2m diameter circle marked "P" in Figure 5.4.A during all manoeuvres. All aerobatic manoeuvres must start and end in the direction indicated with a straight and level flight line of 10m minimum length. Entry and exit must be at the same altitude and heading. Loops or parts of a loop must be round and have the same diameter. Consecutive loops must be in the same location and plane. Rolls must be performed at a constant roll rate. Consecutive rolls must have the same roll rate and must be at the same altitude and heading. During all aerobatics manoeuvres the competitor must maintain his MA above a minimum altitude of 10 m. Aerobatic manoeuvres must be centred within the 120° horizontal field of view and must be symmetrical about the centre line. Aerobatic manoeuvres flown at a distance greater than 100m from the judges' line will be downgraded. In case of a dispute the manoeuvre text takes precedence over Figures 5D-P and 5D-SF/F.

Note: When the word "centred" is used, it means that the MA crosses an imaginary plane that extends from a line drawn vertically upward, from the centre judge out through the helipad. This refers to both Schedules P and SF/F.

Scoring criteria for landing; See ANNEX 5E paragraph 5E.6.11.

#### 5D.2 SCHEDULE P

P1: Pie (UU) K=1.5

MA takes off vertically from the helipad, ascends to 2 m then hovers for 2 seconds. MA ascends flying backwards on a 45° line while simultaneously performing a 180° pirouette in any direction, stops over the flag 1 (2) and hovers for 2 seconds. MA performs a 5 m radius descending/ascending vertical half circle while simultaneously performing a full 360° pirouette, stops over the flag 2 (1) and hovers for 2 seconds. MA descends forwards on a 45° line while performing a 180° pirouette in any direction then stops over the helipad for 2 seconds, descends and lands into the helipad.

#### P2: Double Swallow Tail (UU)

K=1.5

MA takes off vertically from the helipad to 4.5 m then hovers for at least 2 seconds, descends backwards down to the flag 1 (2) and hovers for 2 seconds at a height of 2 m, ascends forward climbing at an angle of 45° until it again reaches a height of 4.5 m, then ascends backwards until it reaches the flag 1 (2) at a height of 7 m then hovers for at least 2 seconds. MA then flies forward descending to the opposite flag 2 (1) then hovers for at least 2 seconds at a height of 2 m, flies backwards ascending at an angle of 45° until it reaches a height of 4.5 m then ascends forwards until it reaches the flag 2 (1) at a height of 7 m then hovers for at least 2 seconds. MA flies backwards descending until it reaches the centre line at 4.5 m height then hovers for at least 2 seconds before landing in the helipad.

# P3: Double candle with descending flip (DD)

K=1.0

MA flies straight and level for a minimum of 10 m and pulls up into a vertical ascent. After a nose up stop MA flies backwards vertically for 2m minimum performs a half pulled travelling flip, descends vertically for a minimum of 2m, performs a centred half loop and ascends vertically. After a nose up stop MA flies backwards vertically for 2m minimum, performs a half pulled travelling flip, descends vertically for 2m minimum and then pulls into horizontal straight and level flight for a minimum of 10m.

Note 1: The 2 flips must be made at the same altitude.

Note 2: The bottom of the half loop must be at the same altitude as when entering the figure.

# P4: Loop with 540° Tail Turns (UU)

K=1.0

MA flies straight and level for a minimum of 10 m and performs 1  $\frac{1}{1}$  loop starting from the center line. When reaching half of the height of the former loop MA performs a 540° tail turn in any direction followed by a half loop in opposite direction. When reaching again half of the height of the first loop MA performs a second 540° tail turn in any direction. After MA pulls with quarter loop into horizontal straight and level flight for a minimum of 10 m at the same altitude as when entering the figure.

Note: The tail turns must be executed exactly at half the height of the loop with the MA being precisely vertical.

#### P5: UX with Pushed Flips (DD)

K=1.0

MA flies straight and level for a minimum of 10 m and pulls up into a 45° ascent with a centered half roll in any direction. Once the MA has come to a stop, MA performs a 225° pushed flip, performs a centered 'U', stops, performs a 225° pushed flip, performs a 45° descent with a centered half roll in any direction. MA pulls into horizontal straight and level flight for a minimum of 10 m.

Note 1: The bottom of the 'U' and the rolls must be centered.

Note 2: The bottom of the 'U' must be at the same altitude as when entering the figure.

P6: Two Loops (UU) K=1.0

MA flies straight and level for a minimum of 10 m, performs an inside loop before the centerline where the MA is exactly vertical in upward position at the centerline, followed by a straight line and performs a second inside loop where the MA is exactly vertical in downward position at the centerline, followed by a straight and level flight of at least 10 m and at the same height as when entering the figure.

# P7: Opposite half and full inverted rolls (DD)

K=1.0

MA flies straight and level for a minimum of 10m and performs a half roll in either direction, flies inverted for a minimum of 1 second, performs a full centred inverted roll in the opposite direction, flies inverted for a minimum of 1 second, performs a half roll in the same direction as the first half roll. MA flies straight and level flight for a minimum of 10m.

Note 1: The middle of the manoeuvre must be centred.

Note 2: There is one point deduction per inverted flight section that does not last in minimum 1 second.

#### P8: Inverted Umbrella (UU)

K=1.0

MA flies straight and level for a minimum of 10 m and pulls up into a vertical ascent at center line. After a nose up stop MA performs a half backward loop. After MA stops it performs a centered 'U'. After a nose up stop MA performs a second half backward loop. After a nose down stop MA descends forward vertically on center line followed by a quarter loop and exit after a 10 m straight line at the same altitude as when entering the figure.

Note 1: The quarter loops at the entrance and the exit of the figure and the half loop of the centered 'U' must have the same radius.

Note 2: The two half backward loops must be of equal size and must have half radius than the half loop of the centered 'U'.

Note 3: The bottom of the 'U' must be at the same altitude as when entering the figure.

#### P9: 180° Autorotation (DU)

K=1.0

MA flies straight and level for a minimum of 10 m at a minimum altitude of 20 m. When MA crosses an imaginary plane that extends vertically upward from a line drawn from the center judge out through the helipad, MA must be in the autorotation state, the engine must be off (or at idle) at this point and the MA must be descending. The 180° turn must start at this point and the turning and descending rate must be constant from this point to a point just before touchdown on the helipad. The flight path of the MA must appear as a semi-circle when viewed from above, starting at the vertical plane and ending at a line drawn from the center judge through the helipad. The MA's flight path must never be parallel to the ground or judge's line.

Scoring criteria for landing: See ANNEX 5E Paragraph 5E.6.11.

### 5D.3 SCHEDULE SF/F

#### F1: Tulip with 1/2 Pirouettes (UU)

K=1.5

MA climbs vertically 2 m from the helipad and hovers for at least two seconds, ascends backwards in a downward curved quarter circle with a radius of 5 m while simultaneously performing a 180° nose-to-pilot pirouette until it reaches the flag 1 (2) at a height of 7 m then hovers for at least 2 seconds. MA descends backwards in a downward arcing semi-circle of 2.5m radius while simultaneously performing a 180° nose-to-pilot pirouette until it reaches the centreline at a height of 7 m then hovers for at least 2 seconds. MA then descends forward in a downward arcing semi-circle of 2.5 m radius while simultaneously performing a 180° nose-to-pilot pirouette until it reaches the flag 2 (1) at a height of 7 m then hovers for at least 2 seconds. MA then descends forward in a downward curved quarter circle with a radius of 5 m while simultaneously performing a 180° nose-to-pilot pirouette then stops over the helipad at 2 m for 2 seconds, descends and lands into the helipad.

### F2: Laid Eight with Pirouettes (UU)

K=1.5

MA takes off vertically from the helipad and ascends to 4.5 m while performing simultaneously a 360° pirouette in any direction, then hovers there for at least two seconds. MA flies backwards and descends describing a vertical circle with a radius of 2.5 m while simultaneously performing a 360° pirouette in any direction.

MA flies forward and descends describing a vertical circle with a radius of 2.5 m while simultaneously performing a 360° pirouette in the opposite direction, stops and hovers for at least two seconds over the helipad. MA descends and lands into the helipad while simultaneously performing a 360° pirouette in any direction.

Note: The change of direction of the pirouettes must occur smoothly on the center line.

#### F3: Candle with 360° Tail Turn and 180° pushed Flip (UU)

K=1.0

MA flies straight and level for a minimum of 10 m and pulls up into vertical ascent on center line by doing a quarter loop. MA then performs a 360° tail turn, descends minimum 2 m vertically backwards and performs a 180° pushed flip while descending vertically. MA descends minimum 2 m vertically forward, pulls with a quarter loop into horizontal straight and level flight for a minimum of 10 m at the same altitude as when entering the figure.

- Note 1: The quarter loops at the entrance and the exit of the figure must have the same radius.
- Note 2: The vertical lines before and after the 180° flip must be of equal length.

### F4: Inverted Cuban Eight with half Rolls (DD)

K=1.0

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MA flies straight and level for at least 10 m then executes a half roll in any direction at least 10 m before entering a 5/8 outside loop. When MA is descending at 45° and upright it executes a half roll in any direction at the centreline into inverted flight followed by a 3/4 outside loop. When MA is again descending at 45° and upright it executes another half roll in any direction at the centreline into inverted flight, continuing through the first partial loop in this attitude. MA then flies a minimum of 10 m straight and level, executes a half roll in either direction back to upward flight continuing straight and level for at least 10 m.

#### F5: Standing Triangle (UU)

K=1.0

MA flies straight and level for at least 10 m then executes a half roll in any direction followed by an inverted flight of a minimum of 10 m then ascends at the centreline by completing a 1/8 pushed loop to an angle of 45°. MA continues with a straight line followed by a pushed 3/8 loop to upright level flight. After a short straight flight a level centred full horizontal roll in any direction should be completed followed by another short straight flight, another pushed 3/8 loop into a straight line descent at an angle of 45°, then completes a 1/8 pushed loop finishing on the centreline.

MA continues inverted flight for a minimum of 10 m followed by a half roll in any direction finishing upright into straight and level flight of at least 10 m at the same altitude as manoeuvre entry.

Note 1: Before and after the centred roll the MA fly a straight line, these lines must be of equal length.

Note 2: The 1/8 loops must be executed such that the 45° ascend as well as the 45° descend starts and ends exactly on the centreline.

#### F6: Three opposite Rolls (DD)

K=1.0

MA flies straight and level for a minimum of 10 m, performs a roll in any direction followed by a roll in opposite direction followed by a roll in the same direction as the first roll. MA flies straight and level for a minimum of 10 m.

- Note 1: During the second roll the MA must be in inverted flight when it crosses the center line.
- Note 2: The rolls must be executed one immediately after the other, straight flights between the rolls will be downgraded by one to two points.
- Note 3: The elapsed time from the beginning of the first to the end of the third roll must be at least 4 seconds.

### F7: Inverted Umbrella with half Rolls (UU)

K=1.0

MA flies straight and level for a minimum of 10 m and pulls up into a vertical ascent on center line. After a nose up stop MA performs immediately in a backward vertically flight a half roll in any direction followed by a half backward loop. After MA stops it performs a centered 'U'. After a nose up stop MA performs a half backward loop followed by a backwards vertically ascent. After a nose down stop MA performs immediately in a forward vertically flight a half roll in any direction followed by a vertical descent. MA pulls with a quarter looping into horizontal straight and level flight for a minimum of 10 m at the same altitude as when entering the figure.

- Note 1: The quarter loops at the entrance and the exit of the figure and the half loop of the centered 'U' must have the same radius.
- Note 2: The two half backward loops must be of equal size and must have half radius than the half loop of the centered 'U'.
- Note 3: The bottom of the 'U' must be at the same altitude as when entering the figure.
- Note 4: The two rolls must be performed at the same altitude.

### F8: Autorotation with Flip and two 90° Turns (DU)

K=1.0

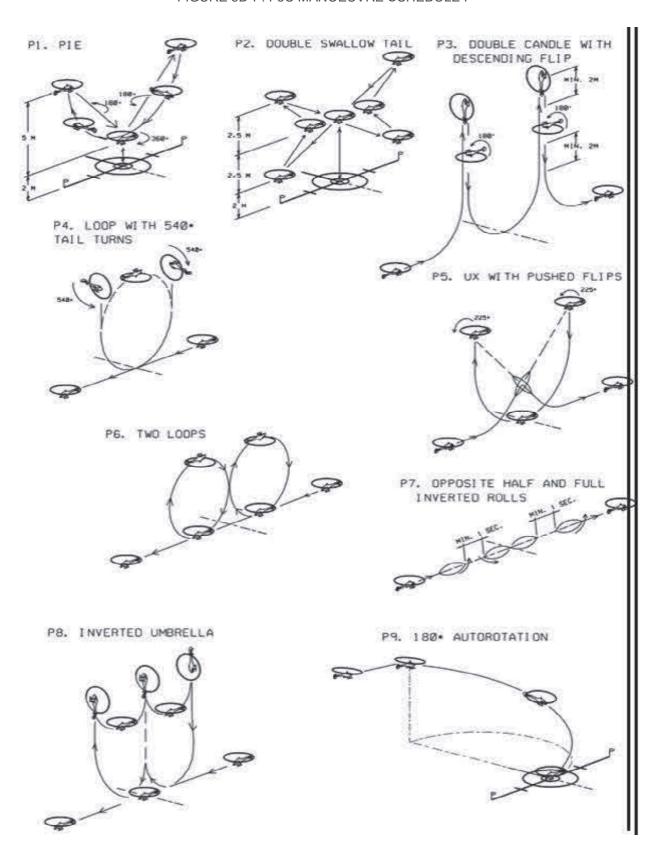
MA flies straight and level flight for a minimum of 10 m performs a pulled 360° flip in horizontal movement, flies horizontal straight and level for a maximum of 10 m and turns off the engine (or at idle) during this straight flight period, just before reaching the center line. MA executes 3 constantly descending sides with two 90° turns in the direction of the pilot and lands against the wind into the helipad.

- Note 1: The descent rate must be constant to a point just before touchdown on the helipad.
- Note 2: Parts of the second side, the second 90° turn and the beginning of the third side may be flown out of the 60° flight window.

Scoring criteria for landing: See ANNEX 5E Paragraph 5E.6.11.

Note: Manoeuvre diagrams are overleaf.

# FIGURE 5D-P: F3C MANOEUVRE SCHEDULE P



# FIGURE 5D-SF/F: F3C MANOEUVRE SCHEDULE SF/F

